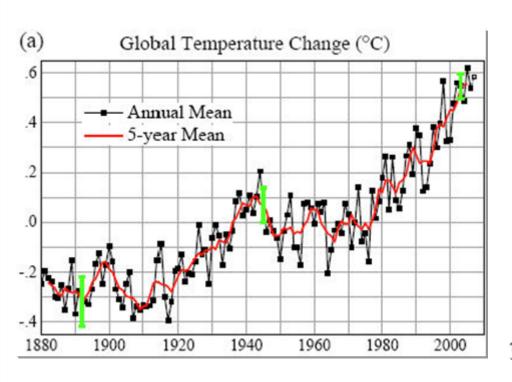
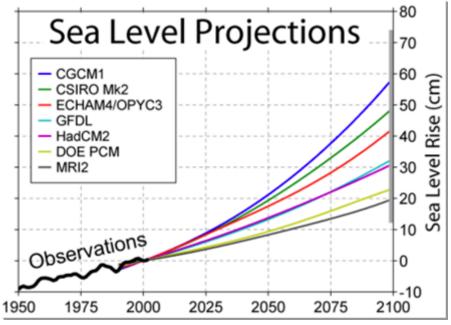
# Smart Building Smart Grid

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### Global Warming and Consequences





# Global Warming and Consequences



Many parts of the world become **Venice**, **Italy**, willingly or not.

# Causes of Global Warming



Yes, but missing a major piece of the answer.

What is that?





### Causes of Global Warming



**Buildings**, Yes, Buildings

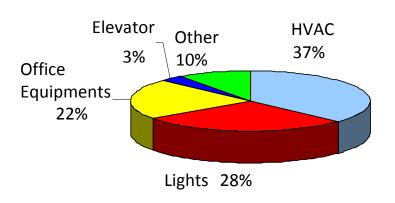
### Major Consumer: Buildings

- Commercial and residential buildings are the basis of our social and economic infrastructure.
- In the US, buildings are responsible for
  - □ 38% of carbon dioxide emissions
  - □ 71% of electricity consumption
  - □ 39% of energy use
  - 12% of water consumption
  - □ 40% of non-industrial waste
- We spend 90% of our time indoors, and the indoor environment affects our health and productivity.

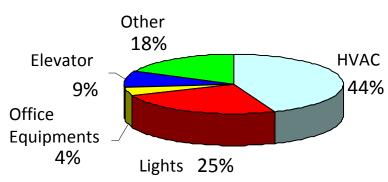
Green, Secure, and Safe Buildings!!

# **Energy Consumption Distribution**

#### **Office Building**



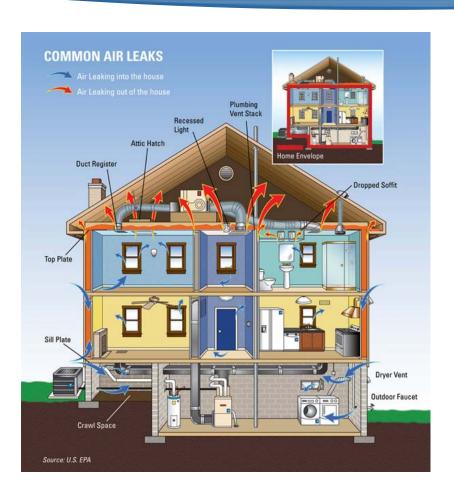
#### Hotel

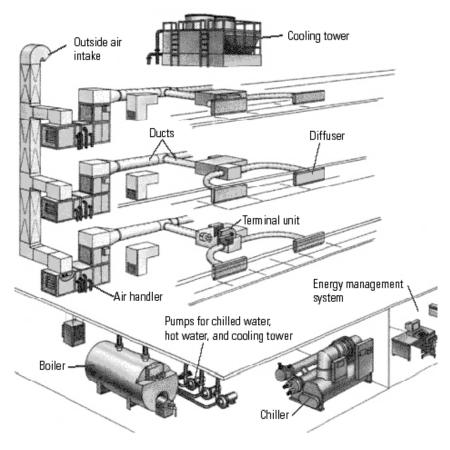


- Not difficult to save 20% ~ 30% energy through fault detection/diagnosis and optimized operation/management.
- Heavily dependent on advanced modeling, analysis, optimization, simulation, sensing and communication.
- Autonomy and interdependence.



# Examples



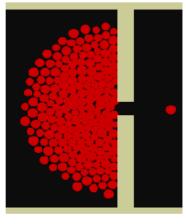


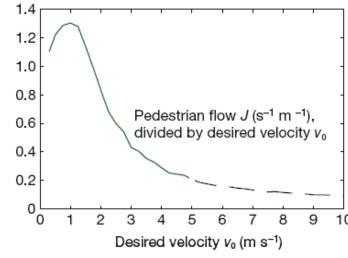
Fault detection and diagnosis; optimized operation of air conditioning with natural ventilation

# Crowd guidance in emergencies

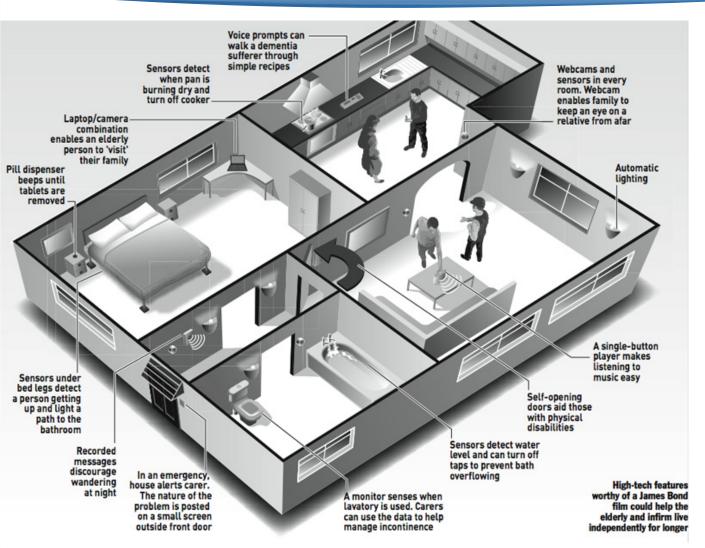








# Smart housing for the elderly

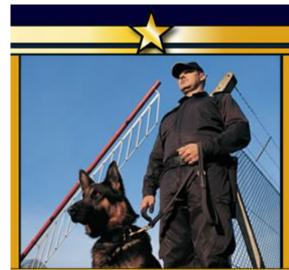




# Security



False alarms & sensor networks; Integrated building services with cloud computing

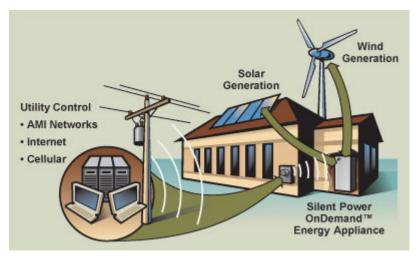




# **Smart Building Smart Grid**

- Buildings are at the receiving end of the smart grid
- Buildings can become an active and contributing partner
- Buildings can even be an integrated part of the smart grid
  - Respond to the need of the grid
    - Dispatchable and non-dispatchable demand responses

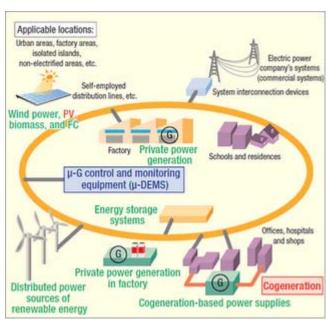




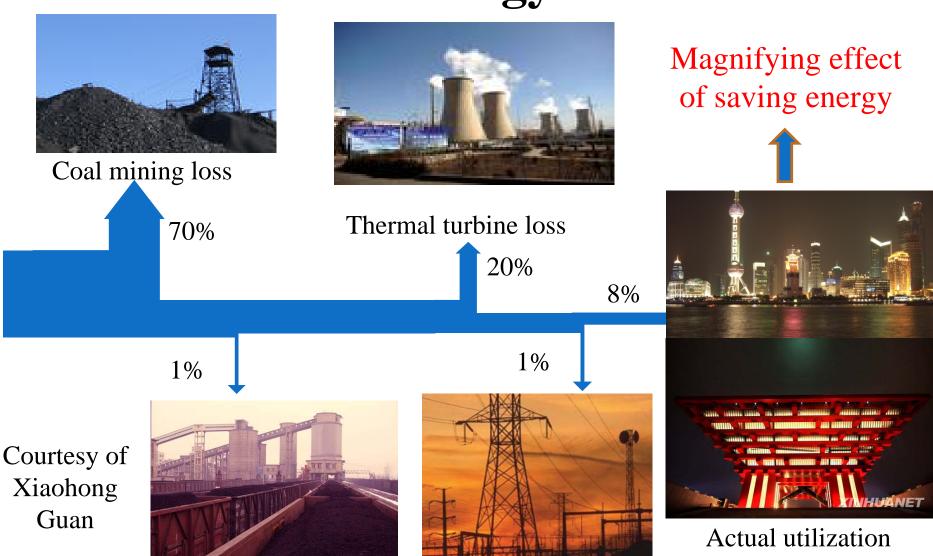
- Provide infrastructure for plug-in hybrid cars and distributed/renewable generation
- Reduce electricity usage through fault detection, diagnosis and optimized operation of HVAC and other systems
- Microgrid A new mode of power system operation







# Actual utilization of coal fired electrical energy in China

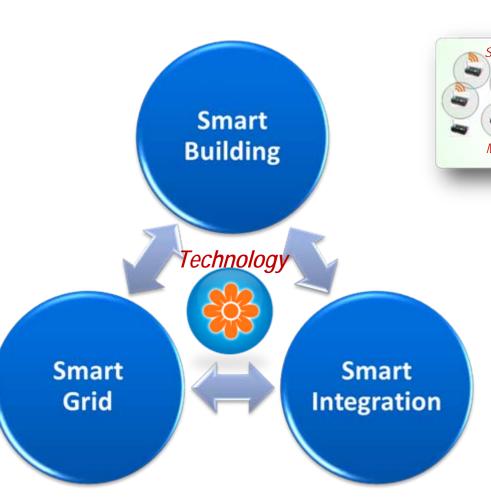


Coal shipping loss Transmission & distribution loss

### **UConn Retro-Commissioning Projects**

- Retro-commissioning is a systematic investigation of buildings to identify methods to improve operations and reduce energy consumption
- UConn is in various phases of retro-commissioning of 34 "energy hogs" with funding provided by Connecticut Energy Efficiency Fund (CEEF) through CL&P
- Key aspects of retro-commissioning:
  - Change operation schedules, fine tune operations, and install sensors and control to reduce energy consumption
  - Focus on main air-handling units, hydronic pumping systems, kitchen hood controls and make-up air units

### Research Thrusts



#### Sensing



- Sensor networks
- Communication
- Device integration

#### Energy Management

- Optimization
- Scheduling
- Cyber security



#### Health Monitoring



- Node placement
- Diagnosis
- Prognosis

### Conclusions

- Smart Building can become an active and contributing partner
- Smart Building can become an integrated part of Smart Grid
  - Respond to the need of the grid
  - Provide infrastructure for plug-in hybrid cars and distributed/renewable generation
  - Reduce electricity usage through fault detection, diagnosis and optimized operation of HVAC and other systems
- Smart Building, Smart Grid, and Smart Integration, a rich, promising, and valuable research area – Sky is the limit.



# Thank you!